



The Music Curriculum

Year 3

At Benjamin Adlard Primary School, children gain a firm understanding of what music is through listening, singing, playing, evaluating, analysing, and composing across a wide variety of historical periods, styles, traditions, and musical genres. We are committed to developing a curiosity for the subject, as well as an understanding and acceptance of the validity and importance of all types of music, and an unbiased respect for the role that music may wish to be expressed in any Intent person's life. We aim to provide children with the opportunity to progress to the next level of their creative excellence. The music curriculum ensures children sing, listen, play, perform and evaluate. This is embedded in the classroom activities as well as the weekly singing assemblies. various concerts and performances and the learning of instruments. Through the musical program Charanga, teachers are able to produce inclusive lessons for all children to access the musical curriculum in a fun and engaging way, further promoting a love of learning. Teachers deliver music following the Charanga programme. mplementation designed specifically for the teaching of music in primary schools. Charanga lessons are planned in sequences to provide children with the opportunities to review, remember, deepen and apply their understanding. The elements of music are taught in classroom lessons so that children are able to use some of the language of music to dissect it, and understand how it is made, played, appreciated and analysed. In the classroom children learn how to play the recorder and a variety of percussion instruments. Playing various instruments enables children to use a range of methods to create notes, as well as how to read basic music notation. They also learn how to compose, focusing on different dimensions of music, which in turn feeds their understanding when listening, plaving, or analysing music. Composing or performing using body percussion and vocal sounds is also part of the curriculum, which develops the understanding of musical elements without the added complexity of an instrument. At Benjamin Adlard Primary School children are provided with opportunities beyond the National Curriculum to further and support their understanding. These include having music tuition, visitors with a musical talent, visiting concerts and school productions. External interests and talents are also encouraged and showcased in class and assembly, ensuring that everyone is challenged regardless of previous musical experience. Music enables children to develop an understanding of culture and history, both in relation to children individually, as well as ethnicities from across the world. Children are able to enjoy music in as many ways as they choose – either as listener, creator or performer. Children have the opportunity to discuss and share their own thoughts, opinions and ideas, acknowledging and respecting that these may vary and that this is positive. They can dissect music and comprehend its parts. They can sing and feel a pulse. Children have an understanding of how to further develop skills less known to them, should they ever develop an interest in their lives. Impact

Year 3 – Autumn	Unit 1 – Glockenspiel Stage 1	Focus – Playing/Improvising
National Curriculum Objectives Covered		
upils should be taught to: play and perform in solo and ensemble conte improvise and compose music for a range of listen with attention to detail and recall soun use and understand staff and other musical n	purposes using the inter-related dimension ds with increasing aural memory otations	nstruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression s of music rom different traditions and from great composers and musicians
develop an understanding of the history of m		о
Cross Curricular links		
ntroduction to the language of music, theory and	composition.	
Prior Learning		
Year 1		Year 2
 Know 5 songs off by heart Know 5 songs off by heart Know and recognise the sound and names of Know music has a steady pulse like a heartbe Know we can create rhythms from words (for Know the names of the notes in their instrum down Know how to both improvise and compose usitilis: Enjoy listening to and moving to a range of the pulse in a piece of music Listen to rhythms and create simple rhythm instruments Learn the different sounds they can make w 	at od, colours etc) nental part from memory or when written sing tuned and untuned instruments music s of their own using both voice and	Knowledge:-Know 5 new songs off by heart-Know that songs have a musical style-Know some songs have a chorus or response/answer part-Know the meaning of the words pitch and unison-Know why we need to warm up our voices-Know the names of the new notes they play-Know the names of untuned instruments played-Know how to both improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instrumentsSkills-Learn about voices singing different pitches-Learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea-Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge-Learn to find comfortable singing position-Improvise and compose on a tuned instrument-Choose a song to perform (class, school, parents)-Record a performance and say how they felt about it
Music Programme of Study in Year 3		
By the end of year 3 pupils will :		
 Know 5 new songs off by heart Know that songs have a musical style Know some songs have a chorus or responsion Know the meaning of the words pitch an Know why we need to warm up our voice Know the names of the new notes they p Know the names of untuned instruments 	d unison es olay	

- Know how to both improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments

<u>Skills</u>

- Learn about voices singing different pitches
- Learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea
- Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge
- Learn to find comfortable singing position
- Improvise and compose on a tuned instrument
- Choose a song to perform (class, school, parents)
- Record a performance

Most children should know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Others will know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.

Next Steps – Progression through the Music curriculum

Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Knowledge: Know more songs by memory Know about what the lyrics of a song are about, any style indicators, what the main sections are, what musical dimensions they hear (tempo, pitch etc) and some of the instruments they hear Know about texture of music- solo vs group Know about other instruments played in past, by friends or seen in music Know how to improvise and compose using tuned and 	 Knowledge: Know more songs by memory Know about what the lyrics of a song are about, any style indicators, what the main sections are, what musical dimensions they hear (linked to key vocabulary) Know dynamics and timbre of music Know and make links to other units played in the past when discussing music styles Know and discuss historical contexts of songs- what 	 Knowledge: Know more songs by memory Know and talk about songs in terms of key vocabulary from past years, style indicators, structure, instruments heard, historical context Know that we all have our own musical identity Know and make links to other units played in the past when discussing music styles Know and create musical ideas for group to copy/reply
 Use musical vocabulary more accurately (ones covered so far) Sing in unison and 2 parts Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and 	 To compare two songs in the same style, talking about what stands out musically their similarities and differences. Use musical vocabulary more accurately (ones covered 	Skills - To compare two songs talking about what stands out musically their similarities and differences. - Use musical vocabulary more accurately (ones
pitch knowledge - Sing with awareness of being 'in tune'	 so far) Sing in unison and solo, rapping and backing vocals Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge 	 covered so far) Sing in unison and solo, rapping and backing vocals Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge Lead a rehearsal session of a small group Explain the key note and structure of melody

Unit Overview

This is a six-week Unit of Work that introduces the children to learning about the language of music through playing the glockenspiel.

The learning is focused around exploring and developing playing skills through the glockenspiel or if you have previous knowledge, the recorder.

Perhaps start to use the scores provided in this unit. Be aware that not every child will want to, or be able to read notated music but having an understanding of the language of music is important.

Key knowledge acquired during this unit:	Key skills acquired throughout this unit	
 I know and be able to talk about the instruments used in class (a glockenspiel, a recorder I know improvisation is making up your own tunes on the spot I know when someone improvises, they make up their own tune that has never been heard before. It is not written down and belongs to them. I know that using one or two notes confidently is better than using five I know that if you improvise using the notes you are given, you cannot make a mistake 	 I can treat instruments carefully and with respect. I can play anyone, or all of four, differentiated parts on a tuned instrument – a one- note, simple or medium part or the melody of the song) from memory or using notation. I can rehearse and perform their part within the context of the Unit song. I can listen to and follow musical instructions from a leader. Sing, Play and Copy Back – Listen and copy back using instruments, two different notes. I can play and Improvise – Using your instruments, listen and play your own answer using two different notes. I can improvise – Take it in turns to improvise using three different notes. 	

Subject knowledge and teaching guidance:

Teacher Assessment – Glockenspiel Stage 1 – Year 3, Unit 2

Black text: Most children will be working at this expected standard. **Aqua text:** Others will be working at greater depth.

1 — Musical Activities using glocks

The children:

Learn to play and read the notes C, D, E + F.

Learn to play these tunes:

- Easy E
- Strictly D
- Play Your Music
- Drive
- Dee Cee's Blues
 What's Up
- What's Up
 D-E-F-initely
- Roundabout
- March of the Golden Guards
- Portsmouth

Improvise with Dee Cee's Blues using the notes C + D.

Compose using the notes C, D, E + F.

2 — Perform & Share

Decide how your class will introduce the performance. Tell your audience how you learnt the music and why. Record the performance and talk about it afterwards. Did they enjoy it?

The performance will include one or more of the following:

Improvisations • Instrumental performances • Compositions

Key vocabulary	and definitions				
Choir	A group of sing	ers			
Conductor	Person who the	e choir follow			
Evaluate	Say how well so	omething went, what was good and v	vhat could change.		
Texture	How the tempo, melody and harmony combine				
Medium Term F	Planning				_
Week 1	Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5				
To read and play D.	/ Easy E and Strictly	To read and play Drive and Play Your Music.	To read and play Dee Cee Blues and What's Up.	To read and play D-E-F-initely.	To read and play Roundabout, March of the Golden Guards and Portsmouth.

Year 3 – Spring	Unit 2 – Three Little Birds	Focus – Listen and Appraise/ Singing		
National Curriculum Objectives Covered				
 improvise and compose music for a range of listen with attention to detail and recall soun use and understand staff and other musical n 	purposes using the inter-related dimensio ds with increasing aural memory otations igh-quality live and recorded music drawn	cal instruments with increasing accuracy, fluency, control and expression ions of music vn from different traditions and from great composers and musicians		
Animals, Jamaica, poetry and the historical contex	kt of musical styles.			
Prior Learning				
Year 1		Year 2		
 Knowledge: Know 5 songs off by heart Know and recognise the sound and names of Know music has a steady pulse like a heartbe Know we can create rhythms from words (for Know the names of the notes in their instrum down Know how to both improvise and compose us Skills: Enjoy listening to and moving to a range of response of the pulse in a piece of music Listen to rhythms and create simple rhythm instruments Learn the different sounds they can make w 	at od, colours etc) nental part from memory or when written sing tuned and untuned instruments music s of their own using both voice and	Knowledge:-Know 5 new songs off by heart-Know that songs have a musical style-Know some songs have a chorus or response/answer part-Know the meaning of the words pitch and unison-Know why we need to warm up our voices-Know the names of the new notes they play-Know the names of untuned instruments played-Know how to both improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instrumentsSkills-Learn about voices singing different pitches-Learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea-Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge-Learn to find comfortable singing position-Improvise and compose on a tuned instrument-Choose a song to perform (class, school, parents)-Record a performance and say how they felt about it		
Music Programme of Study in Year 3				
By the end of year 3 pupils will :				
 Knowledge: Know 5 new songs off by heart Know that songs have a musical style Know some songs have a chorus or responsion Know the meaning of the words pitch an Know why we need to warm up our voice Know the names of the new notes they p Know the names of untuned instruments 	d unison es Jlay			

- Know how to both improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments

<u>Skills</u>

- Learn about voices singing different pitches
- Learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea
- Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge
- Learn to find comfortable singing position
- Improvise and compose on a tuned instrument
- Choose a song to perform (class, school, parents)
- Record a performance

Most children should know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Others will know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.

Next Steps – Progression through the Music curriculum

Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Knowledge:	Knowledge:	Knowledge:
 Know more songs by memory Know about what the lyrics of a song are about, any style indicators, what the main sections are, what musical dimensions they hear (tempo, pitch etc) and some of the instruments they hear Know about texture of music- solo vs group Know about other instruments played in past, by friends or seen in music Know how to improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments Know how to record compositions in different ways (letter names, notes, symbols, audio etc) Skills	 Know more songs by memory Know about what the lyrics of a song are about, any style indicators, what the main sections are, what musical dimensions they hear (linked to key vocabulary) Know dynamics and timbre of music Know and make links to other units played in the past when discussing music styles Know and discuss historical contexts of songs- what was happening in the world at this time Know how to improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments Know and record compositions with notation Know to the notes C,D,E,F,G,A,B + C on the treble stave 	 Know more songs by memory Know and talk about songs in terms of key vocabulary from past years, style indicators, structure, instruments heard, historical context Know that we all have our own musical identity Know and make links to other units played in the past when discussing music styles Know and create musical ideas for group to copy/reply Know and record compositions with notation Know the notes C,D,E,F,G,A,B + C on the treble stave Know a wider range of musical instruments by

Three Little Birds by Bob Marley – a Reggae song. This is a six-week Unit of Work. All the learning is focused around one song: Three Little Birds. The material presents an integrated approach to music where games, elements of music (pulse, rhythm, pitch etc.), singing and playing instruments are all linked. As well as learning to sing, play, improvise and compose with this song, children will listen and appraise other Reggae songs.

Key skills acquired throughout this unit
I can confidently identify and move to the pulse.
• I can think about what the words of a song mean.
• I can take it in turn to discuss how the song makes them feel.
• I can listen carefully and respectfully to other people's thoughts about the music.
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Black text: Most children will be working at this expected standard. Aqua text: Others will be working at greater depth.

1 — Listen & Appraise: Three Little Birds (Reggae)

The children can

- Identify the piece's structure: Introduction, chorus, verse, chorus, verse, chorus, chorus, chorus.
- . Identify the instruments/voices: Bass, drums, electric guitar, keyboard, organ, male, backing vocals.
- Find the pulse and identify funky rhythms, tempo changes and dynamics.

2 - Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders

Most children can complete the Bronze	Improvise in the lessons and as part of
and Silver Challenges. Some will complete the	performance.
Gold if working at greater depth.	Bronze Challenge: C.
Warm-up Games copy back, play, invent rhythmic and melodic patterns.	Silver Challenge: C and sometimes D. Gold Challenge: C + D.

Bronze Challenge: rhythm patterns. Silver Challenge: C, sometimes with D and reading notes. Gold Challenge: C + D and reading notes.

Singing in unison.

Play instrumental parts accurately and in time, as part of the performance. The easy part: G + A. The medium part: C + A.

3 - Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Did they enjoy it?

Key vocabulary and definitions

onze	Improvise in the lessons and as part of the
mplete the	performance.
	Bronze Challenge: C.
nvent rhythmic	Silver Challenge: C and sometimes D.
	Gold Challenge: C + D.
	Compose a simple melody using simple

rhythms and use it as part of the performance. Using the notes: C, D + E. Using the notes: C, D, E, G + A (pentatonic scale).

Choir	A group of singers				
Conductor	Person who the	e choir follow			
Evaluate	Say how well so	omething went, what was good and w	hat could change.		
Verse	The part of a so	ong where lyrics tend to vary every tim	ne		
Chorus	A line or lines that are repeated in music				
Medium Term Pla	nning				
Week 1	eek 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5				
To find the pulse w music.	vithin a piece of	To learn to sing the song Three Little Birds.	To learn to play notes on the glockenspiel in time with the music.	To improvise with the song Three Little Birds.	To compose with the song Three Little Birds.

Year 3 – Summer	Unit 3 – The Dragon Song	Focus – Composing/ Performing
National Curriculum Objectives Covered		
 improvise and compose music for a range of listen with attention to detail and recall sour use and understand staff and other musical r 	purposes using the inter-related dimensior ds with increasing aural memory notations	
 appreciate and understand a wide range of h develop an understanding of the history of n 		n from different traditions and from great composers and musicians
Cross Curricular links		
PSHE - Friendship, kindness, acceptance, the envi	ronment, creativity.	
Prior Learning		
Year 1		Year 2
 Knowledge: Know 5 songs off by heart Know and recognise the sound and names of Know music has a steady pulse like a heartbe Know we can create rhythms from words (fo Know the names of the notes in their instrum down Know how to both improvise and compose us Skills: Enjoy listening to and moving to a range of Find the pulse in a piece of music Listen to rhythms and create simple rhythm instruments Learn the different sounds they can make was 	at od, colours etc) nental part from memory or when written sing tuned and untuned instruments music as of their own using both voice and	Knowledge:-Know 5 new songs off by heart-Know that songs have a musical style-Know some songs have a chorus or response/answer part-Know the meaning of the words pitch and unison-Know why we need to warm up our voices-Know the names of the new notes they play-Know the names of untuned instruments played-Know how to both improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instrumentsSkills-Learn about voices singing different pitches-Learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea-Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge-Learn to find comfortable singing position-Improvise and compose on a tuned instrument-Choose a song to perform (class, school, parents)-Record a performance and say how they felt about it
Music Programme of Study in Year 3		
By the end of year 3 pupils will :		
 Knowledge: Know 5 new songs off by heart Know that songs have a musical style Know some songs have a chorus or resp Know the meaning of the words pitch ar Know why we need to warm up our voic Know the names of the new notes they Know the names of untuned instrument 	id unison es blay	

- Know how to both improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments

<u>Skills</u>

- Learn about voices singing different pitches
- Learn how songs can tell a story or describe an idea
- Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge
- Learn to find comfortable singing position
- Improvise and compose on a tuned instrument
- Choose a song to perform (class, school, parents)
- Record a performance

Most children should know the difference between pulse and rhythm. Others will know how pulse, rhythm and pitch work together to create a song.

Next Steps – Progression through the Music curriculum

Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
 Knowledge: Know more songs by memory Know about what the lyrics of a song are about, any stylindicators, what the main sections are, what musical dimensions they hear (tempo, pitch etc) and some of the instruments they hear Know about texture of music- solo vs group Know about other instruments played in past, by friends or seen in music Know how to improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments Know how to record compositions in different ways (letter names, notes, symbols, audio etc) Skills Confidently identify and move to the pulse Discuss the musical dimensions of songs within units Use musical vocabulary more accurately (ones covered so far) Sing in unison and 2 parts Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge Sing with awareness of being 'in tune' 	 Knowledge: Know more songs by memory Know about what the lyrics of a song are about, any style indicators, what the main sections are, what musical dimensions they hear (linked to key vocabulary) Know dynamics and timbre of music Know and make links to other units played in the past when discussing music styles Know and discuss historical contexts of songs- what was happening in the world at this time Know how to improvise and compose using tuned and untuned instruments Know and record compositions with notation Know to the notes C,D,E,F,G,A,B + C on the treble stave 	 Knowledge: Know more songs by memory Know and talk about songs in terms of key vocabulary from past years, style indicators, structure, instruments heard, historical context Know that we all have our own musical identity Know and make links to other units played in the past when discussing music styles Know and create musical ideas for group to copy/reply Know the notes C,D,E,F,G,A,B + C on the treble stave Know a wider range of musical instruments by sight/sound Skills To compare two songs talking about what stands out musically their similarities and differences. Use musical vocabulary more accurately (ones covered so far) Sing in unison and solo, rapping and backing vocals Listen and copy games that develop pulse, rhythm and pitch knowledge Lead a rehearsal session of a small group Explain the key note and structure of melody

Unit Overview

This is a song about kindness, respect, friendship, acceptance and happiness. Traditional Folk tunes from around the world, celebrating our differences and being kind to one another.

Key knowledge acquired during this unit:	Key skills acquired throughout this unit				
 I know a composition is music that is created by you and kept in some way. It's like writing a story. It can be played or performed again to your friends. I know different ways of recording compositions (letter names, symbols, audio etc. I know performing is sharing music with other people, an audience I know a performance doesn't have to be a drama! It can be to one person or to each other I know you need to know and have planned everything that will be performed I know you must sing or rap the words clearly and play with confidence I know a performance can be a special occasion and involve an audience including of people you don't know I know a performance is planned and different for each occasion I know a performance involves communicating feelings, thoughts and ideas about the song/music 	 I can help create at least one simple melody using one, three or five different notes. I can plan and create a section of music that can be performed within the context of the unit song. I can talk about how it was created. I can listen to and reflect upon the developing composition and make musical decisions about pulse, rhythm, pitch, dynamics and tempo. I can record the composition in any way appropriate that recognises the connection between sound and symbol (e.g. graphic/pictorial notation). I can choose what to perform and create a programme. I can communicate the meaning of the words and clearly articulate them. I can record the performance and say how they were feeling, what they were pleased with what they would change and why. 				
Subject knowledge and teaching guidance:					

Teacher Assessment – The Dragon Song – Year 3, Unit 4

Black text: Most children will be working at this expected standard. Aqua text: Others will be working at greater depth.

1 — Listen and Appraise: The Dragon Song (Pop)

The children can

- Identify the themes: Kindness, respect, friendship, acceptance and happiness.
- Identify the instruments/voices: Keyboard, drums, bass, a female singer.
- Explain how the words of the song tell a story? Does the music create a story in your imagination? What story?

2 — Musical Activities using glocks and/or recorders

Most children can complete the Bronze and Play instrumental parts accurately and in Silver Challenges. Some will complete the Gold if time, as part of the performance. working at greater depth. The easy part: G by ear. The medium part: G, A + B by ear and from Warm-up Games copy back, play, invent notation. rhythmic and melodic patterns. Improvise in the lessons and as part of the Bronze Challenge: rhythm patterns. performance. Silver Challenge: G, sometimes A and reading notes. Gold Challenge: G + A and reading notes. Bronze Challenge: G, A + B. Silver Challenge: G, A or B. Singing in 2 parts. Gold Challenge: G, A + B. Compose a simple melody using simple rhythms and use as part of the performance.

3 — Perform & Share

Children can contribute to the performance by singing, playing an instrumental part, improvising or by performing their composition. Record the performance and discuss their thoughts and feelings towards it afterwards. Did they enjoy it?

Key vocabulary and definitions			
Choir	A group of singers		

Conductor	Person who the choir follow						
Evaluate	Say how well something went, what was good and what could change						
Scale	Any set of musical notes ordered in frequency or pitch						
Hook	A catchy combination of melody, lyrics and rhythm that stays in the listeners head						
Medium Term Planning							
Week 1		Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5		
To find the pulse wit music.	hin a piece of	To learn to sing The Dragon Song.	To learn to play notes on the glockenspiel in time with the music.	To improvise with The Dragon Song	To compose with The Dragon Song.		