



# **The Art Curriculum**

# Year 6

At Benjamin Adlard Primary School we value and are dedicated to the teaching of Art and Design Technology. We see this as a fundamental part of school Intent life. We are committed to providing an 'Arts Rich Curriculum' for our children. We believe that by developing this, we can contribute to the quality of our children's lives, both within and beyond school. We see art and design as a means to support learning in a range of ways. The skills that are developed in these subjects can be transferred across the curriculum and thus aid learning. As a school and in accordance with the National Curriculum's and Early Years Curriculum expectations, we aim to ensure that all pupils: Produce creative work, exploring their ideas and recording their experiences • Become proficient in drawing painting, sculpture and other art, craft and design techniques • Evaluate and analyse creative works using the language of art, craft and design • Know about great artists, craft makers and designers, architects and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms • Class teachers are responsible for teaching art, although there may I be times when professional artists/helpers will be involved in the teaching. Implementation We take every opportunity to develop links with outside agencies and experts in order to enrich our Art and Design provision. Some of the key themes will be Art based and at the beginning of each theme key subject and academic vocabulary lists are created with child friendly definitions. These are displayed in classes, revisited and then tested in low stake tests. This constant repetition of key vocabulary helps develop our pupil's knowledge and understanding. The curriculum coverage is taught in a progressive and purposeful manner. The skills used in Art are assessed termly through the 'Aspiration Map' where teachers use their teacher knowledge and AFL to make judgements on age relatedness. The curriculum coverage is taught in a progressive and purposeful manner. Through our key concepts we teach progressive skills and knowledge across school building on prior learning and preparing for future knowledge and skill acquisition. The connection of the skills, knowledge and concepts across the geography curriculum is an important part of our Art curriculum implementation Our children enjoy the self-expression that they experience in Art. They are keen to learn new skills and work hard to perfect those shown to them. They Impact remain resilient and focused and the development of skills helps them to express feelings and emotions in their work, as well demonstrating their knowledge of artists and key skills. They will have worked with a range of mediums and developed progressive techniques helping them to create things of beauty. Children will be proud of their work and want to display it.

Year 6 – Autumn 2

#### Unit 1 – Art and Design skills

#### **National Curriculum Objectives Covered**

- To create sketchbooks to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- Develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design.
- To develop a wide range of Art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.
- To know about great artists, architects and designers in history.

# **Cross Curricular Links**

- English Spoken Language consider and evaluate different viewpoints, attending to and building on the contributions of others
- DT use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- DT select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately

#### **Prior Learning**

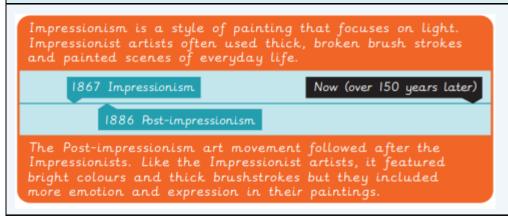
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Drawing	Explore mark making, experiment with drawing lines and use 2D shapes to draw. • Formal Elements • Landscapes Lesson • Sculptures & Collages	Explore drawing techniques, begin to apply tone to describe form, develop skill and control with a range of drawing materials. • Art & Design Skills • Human Form • Sculpture & Media	Develop drawing skills by drawing from direct observation, applying and using geometry and tonal shading when drawing. Use a range of drawing media. • Formal Elements: Shape 1: Seeing Simple Shapes • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Draw still life from observation and for mark making. Further develop understanding of geometry and mathematical proportion when drawing. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills	Further develop drawing from observation. Draw using perspective, mathematical processes, design, detail and line. • Formal Elements: Lesson 1: House Drawing • Art & Design Skills: Packaging Collage 1 • Design For A Purpose
Painting	<ul> <li>Develop skill and control when painting. Paint with expression.</li> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills: Painting: Colour Mixing</li> <li>Landscapes using different media</li> <li>Landscapes</li> </ul>	Further improve skill and control when painting. Paint with creativity and expression. • Art & Design Skills • Sculpture & Media	Increase skill and control when painting. Apply greater expression and creativity to own paintings. • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Develop skill and control when painting. Paint with expression. Analyse painting by artists. • Art & Design Skills • Every Picture Tells a Story	Control brush strokes and apply tints and shades when painting. Paint with greater skill and expression. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills
Craft techniques	Learn a range of materials and techniques such as clay- etching, printing and collage. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: Printing • Landscapes	Use a range of materials to design and make products including craft, weaving, printmaking, sculpture and clay. • Art & Design Skills: Craft: Clay • Human Form	Use materials such as paper weaving, tie dying, sewing and other craft skills to design and make products. • Formal Elements: Shape 3: Working	Make art from recycled materials, create sculptures, print and create using a range of materials. Learn how to display and present work. • Formal Elements: Texture and Pattern: Playdough Printing	Create mixed media art using found and reclaimed materials. Select materials for a purpose. • Formal Elements • Design For Purpose

		• Sculpture & Media	with Wire • Art & Design Skills: Craft & Design 1: Craft Puppets • Prehistoric Art	Art & Design Skills: Design: Optical Illusions	
Colour	Remember the primary colours and how to mix them to create secondary colours. Create shades of a colour and choose and justify colours for purpose. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills • Landscapes	Mix, apply and refine colour mixing for purpose using wet and dry media. Describe their colour selections. • Formal Elements • Sculpture & Media	Increase awareness and understanding of mixing and applying colour, including use of natural pigments. Use aspects of colour such as tints and shades, for different purposes. • Art & Design Skills: Craft & Design 1: Craft Puppets • Prehistoric Art	Analyse and describe colour and painting techniques in artists work. Manipulate colour for print. • Art & Design Skills • Every Picture Tells a Story	Select and mix more complex colours to depict thoughts and feelings. • Formal Elements • Every Picture Tells a Story • Design For Purpose
Form	Learn about form and space through making sculptures and developing language. • Art & Design Skills: Experimenting with Media • Sculptures & Collages	Extend their practical ability to create 3D sculptural forms and begin to understand how to represent form when drawing. • Human Form	Further develop their ability to describe 3D form in a range of materials, including drawing. • Art & Design Skills	Develop their ability to describe and model form in 3D using a range of materials. Analyse and describe how artists use and apply form in their work. • Art & Design Skills: Craft: Soap Sculptures • Every Picture Tells a Story	Further extend their ability to describe and model form in 3D using a range of materials. • Every Picture Tells a Story
Line	Use, express and experiment with line for purpose, then use appropriate language to describe lines. • Formal Elements	Draw lines with increased skill and confidence. Use line for expression when drawing portraits. • Sculpture & Media	Express and describe organic and geometric forms through different types of line. • Art & Design Skills: Drawing: My Toy Story • Formal Elements • Prehistoric Art	Learn and apply symmetry to draw accurate shapes. Analyse and describe how artists use line in their work. • Art & Design Skills: Drawing: Still Life • Every Picture Tells a Story	Deepen knowledge and understanding of using line when drawing portraits. Develop greater skill and control. Study and apply the techniques of other artists. • Art & Design Skills • Make My Voice Heard • Still Life
Pattern	Understand patterns in nature, design and make patterns in a range of materials. • Art & Design Skills: Experimenting with Media • Sculptures & Collages:	Learn a range of techniques to make repeating and non- repeating patterns. Identify natural and man-made patterns. Create patterns of their own. • Formal Elements	patterns through craft methods. Further develop knowledge and understanding of pattern.	Create original designs for patterns using geometric repeating shapes. Analyse and describe how other artists use pattern. • Formal Elements: Pattern and Texture: Playdough Printing • Every Picture Tells a Story	Construct patterns through various methods to develop their understanding. • Every Picture Tells a Story • Formal Elements

Shape	Identify, describe and	Compose geometric designs	Create personal artwork using	Create geometric compositions	Create personal artwork using
Shape	use shape for	by adapting the work of other	the artwork of others to	using mathematical shapes.	the artwork of others to
	purpose.	artists to suit their own ideas.	stimulate them. • Art &	Analyse and describe the use of	<i>stimulate them.</i> • Art & Design
	Formal Elements	Sculpture & Media		shape in artist's work.	Skills
	Art & Design Skills:		Prehistoric Art	• Formal Elements: Pattern 3:	Prehistoric Art
	Printing: Great Fire			Flower of Life	
	of London			Every Picture Tells a Story	
Taytura	Use materials to	Identify and describe different	Analyse and describe texture	Use a range of materials to	Develop understanding of
Texture	create textures.	textures. Select and use	within artists' work.		
	Landscapes			express complex textures.	texture through practical
	• Landscapes	appropriate materials to create		Formal Elements     Firema Distance Talla a Stamp	making activities.
		textures.	• Craft	• Every Picture Tells a Story	<ul> <li>Every Picture Tells a Story</li> </ul>
-		Formal Elements			
Tone	Understand what	Experiment with pencils to	Develop skill and control	Develop an increasing	Develop an increasing
	tone is and how to	create tone. Use tone to	when using tone. Learn and		sophistication when using tone
	apply this to their	create form when drawing.	use simple shading rules.	to describe objects when	to describe objects when
	own work.	<ul> <li>Formal Elements</li> </ul>	• Formal Elements: Tone 1:		drawing. Analyse artists' use of
	Landscapes		Four Rules of Shading	tone.	tone.
			Art & Design Skills: Drawing:	<ul> <li>Every Picture Tells a Story</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Every Picture Tells a Story</li> </ul>
			My Toy Story	Formal Elements	<ul> <li>Formal Elements</li> </ul>
Creating original	Explore and create ideas for	-	Create personal artwork using	Develop personal,	Express thoughts and feelings
artwork	purposes and intentions.		the artwork of others to	imaginative responses to a	about familiar products.
	<ul> <li>Formal Elements</li> </ul>	Gaining inspiration for artwork	stimulate them.	theme. Produce personal	Design new architectural
	<ul> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills:</li> </ul>	from the natural world.	<ul> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills</li> </ul>	interpretations of cherished	forms, design and invent new
	Learning About Louis	<ul> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Prehistoric Art</li> </ul>	objects, show thoughts and	products, link artwork to
	Wain	<ul> <li>Sculpture &amp; Media</li> </ul>		feelings through pattern,	literary sources. Create and
				create imaginative 3D forms	invent for purposes.
				to create meaning. Express	Formal Elements
				ideas about art through	Art & Design Skills:
				messages, graphics, text and	Packaging Collage 1
				images.	• Every Picture Tells a Story
				• Art & Design Skills: Craft:	
				Zentangle Printing	
By the end of this un	nit pupils will have had the op	portunity to:	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Drawing	· · ·	awing techniques such as negati	ve drawing, chiaroscuro, express	sion, sketching and still life.	
Painting		and control, applying tonal techn			
Craft techniques		make repeat patterns using prin			
Colour					dy colours used by Impressionist
	painters.			2	
Form	Express and articulate a	personal message through sculp	oture. Analyse and study artists'	use of form.	
Line		understanding of using line whe			apply the techniques of other
	artists.			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Pattern		emotions through patterns. Crea			
Shape		gns by adapting and synthesising		d evaluate artists' use of shape.	
Texture	Understand how artists	manipulate materials to create t	texture.		

Tone	Develop an increasing sophistication when	Develop an increasing sophistication when using tone to describe objects when drawing. Analyse artists' use of tone.			
Creating original artwork		Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme. Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and feelings through pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning. Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images.			
Key knowledge acquired t	hroughout this unit		Key skills acquired throughout this unit		
<ul> <li>I know some of the motivation impressionists painters.</li> <li>I know that Calude Monet is a</li> <li>I know the connection betw</li> </ul>	veen working artistically and wellbeing. centangle pattern onto a polyprint tile. ates a reverse system.		Learn and apply new drawing techniques such as negative drawing, chiaroscuro, expression, sketching and still life. Paint with greater skill and control, applying tonal techniques and more complex colour theory to own work. Create photomontages, make repeat patterns using printing techniques, create digital art and 3D sculptural forms. Mix and apply colours to represent still life objects from observation. Express feelings and emotions through colour. Study colours used by Impressionist painters. Express and articulate a personal message through sculpture. Analyse and study artists' use of form. Deepen knowledge and understanding of using line when drawing portraits. Develop greater skill and control. Study and apply the techniques of other artists. Represent feelings and emotions through patterns. Create aphisticated artwork using their knowledge of pattern. Fluently sketch key shapes of objects when drawing. Create abstract compositions using knowledge of other artists' work. Increase awareness of using tone to describe light and shade, contrast, highlight and shadow. Manipulate tone for halo and chiaroscuro techniques. Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme. Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and feelings through pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning. Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images. Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention.		

#### Subject knowledge and teaching guidance



- Impressionism is the name given to a group of artists who painted in France in the late 19<sup>th</sup> Century.
- They reacted to the invention of the camera and moved away from painting things realistically.
- Impressionist artists liked to paint outdoors at the scene, not from still life or models.
- These artists were very interested in the way light affects things and used bright and vivid colours to highlight an object's natural colour.
- They were less concerned with painting realistically and more interested in capturing the way light shines on objects and how colours change in the sun.
- Their work was often painted quite quickly before the light changed, and this
  is shown in the use of heavy and loose brush strokes and the lack of fine
  detail.



Paul Cézanne was a French artist and Post-Impressionist painter whose work laid the foundations for a new and radically different form of art.

Cézanne's brushstrokes are clearly recognizable. He used planes of colour and small brushstrokes to describe form.



Claude Monet was a founder of French Impressionist painting.

The term "Impressionism" comes from the title of his painting Impression, soleil levant.

Monet developed a method of painting the same scene many times in order to capture the changing of light and the passing of the seasons.



© Gift of Mrs James W. Fesler in memory of Daniel W. and/Bridgeman Images

Vincent van Gogh was a Dutch artist whose work includes portraits, self portraits, landscapes and still life.

In just over a decade, he produced more than 2,100 artworks, including 860 oil paintings and more than 1,300 watercolors, drawings, sketches and prints.



A Sunday on La Grande Jatte, 1884-86 (oil on canvas), by Georges Seurat

Helen Birch Bartlett Memorial Collection/Bridgeman Images

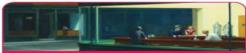
The painting depicts people relaxing in a park on an island in the Seine River called La Grande Jatte.

The artist began the painting in 1884 with a layer of small horizontal brushstrokes of complementary colours. He later added small dots, also in complementary colours.

The painting took the artist two years to complete.

'Nighthawks' was painted in 1942 by Edwards Hopper and is kept in the Chicago Institute of Art. The piece may have been influenced by Vincent Van Gogh's painting 'Cafe at Night'. Hopper did several paintings depicting urban life. This painting, like most of his work, is based in realism although the title does suggest some symbolism as we will see.

#### **Artist Work Looked At**



**Edward Hopper** An American realist painter and printmaker.



**Paul Cezanne** A French artist and Post-impressionist painter.



A British textile designer

**Edgar Degas** A French artist famous for his pastel drawings and oil paintings of ballerinas.

Eugène Henri Paul Gauguin A French Post-impressionist artist.

**Stephens Jones** A leading British milliner based in London.

Bundle MaClaren A British contemporary milliner who makes bespoke and ready-to-wear hats.



Georges-Plerre Seurat A French Post-impressionist artist.

© Helen Birch Bartlett Memorial Collection/Bridgeman Image



**Vincent Van Gogh** A Dutch painter and well-known Post-impressionist artist.



**Claude Monet** A French painter, and a founder of French Impressionist painting.



Auguste Renoir A French artist who lead in the development of the Impressionist style.

#### **Key Assessments**

- Do pupils understand what a zentangle pattern is?
- Do pupils understand how a pattern can be repeated through printmaking?
- Can pupils explain their ideas and thinking behind a purpose?
- Can pupils describe what is depicted in a scene?

### Key vocabulary and definitions

Abstract	Art which does not represent images of our everyday world. It has colour, lines and shapes (form), but is not intended to represent objects or living things.
Herringbone 💓	A pattern which looks like the the skeleton of a herring fish. It's made up of an arrangement of rectangles or parallelograms in a repetitive pattern.
Milliner	Someone who designs and makes womens' hats.
Mindfulness	Paying full attention to something, slowing down to really notice what you are doing. It is a form of relaxation.
Pattern	A repeated design.
Polyprint tile	A printing block made from polystyrene.
Prototype	A first version of an idea or creation.
Realism	To represent something as it really looks.
Symbolism	Using an object or a word to represent an idea.
Zentangle Patterns	An abstract drawing created using repeated patterns.

#### **Medium Term Planning**

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5
To research and adopt the style of	To use repeated patterns to create	To create a repeated pattern	To design and make a prototype.	To analyse and evaluate artwork.
famous groups of painters.	artwork.	through printing.		

### Unit 2 – Make My Voice Heard

# National Curriculum Objectives Covered

- Pupils should be taught to develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design
- To develop a wide range of Art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space.
- To know about great artists, architects and designers in history.
- To create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas.

# **Cross Curricular Links**

• History - a study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066

# **Prior Learning**

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5
Drawing	Explore mark making, experiment with drawing lines and use 2D shapes to draw. • Formal Elements • Landscapes Lesson • Sculptures & Collages	Explore drawing techniques, begin to apply tone to describe form, develop skill and control with a range of drawing materials. • Art & Design Skills • Human Form • Sculpture & Media	Develop drawing skills by drawing from direct observation, applying and using geometry and tonal shading when drawing. Use a range of drawing media. • Formal Elements: Shape 1: Seeing Simple Shapes • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Draw still life from observation and for mark making. Further develop understanding of geometry and mathematical proportion when drawing. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills	Further develop drawing from observation. Draw using perspective, mathematical processes, design, detail and line. • Formal Elements: Lesson 1: House Drawing • Art & Design Skills: Packaging Collage 1 • Design For A Purpose
Painting	<ul> <li>Develop skill and control when painting. Paint with expression.</li> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills: Painting: Colour Mixing</li> <li>Landscapes using different media</li> <li>Landscapes</li> </ul>	Further improve skill and control when painting. Paint with creativity and expression. • Art & Design Skills • Sculpture & Media	Increase skill and control when painting. Apply greater expression and creativity to own paintings. • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Develop skill and control when painting. Paint with expression. Analyse painting by artists. • Art & Design Skills • Every Picture Tells a Story	Control brush strokes and apply tints and shades when painting. Paint with greater skill and expression. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills
Craft techniques	Learn a range of materials and techniques such as clay- etching, printing and collage. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: Printing • Landscapes	Use a range of materials to design and make products including craft, weaving, printmaking, sculpture and clay. • Art & Design Skills: Craft: Clay • Human Form	Use materials such as paper weaving, tie dying, sewing and other craft skills to design and make products. • Formal Elements: Shape 3: Working	Make art from recycled materials, create sculptures, print and create using a range of materials. Learn how to display and present work. • Formal Elements: Texture and Pattern: Playdough Printing	Create mixed media art using found and reclaimed materials. Select materials for a purpose. • Formal Elements • Design For Purpose

		Sculpture & Media	with Wire • Art & Design Skills: Craft & Design 1: Craft Puppets • Prehistoric Art	<ul> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills:</li> <li>Design: Optical</li> <li>Illusions</li> </ul>	
Form	Learn about form and space through making sculptures and developing language. • Art & Design Skills: Experimenting with Media • Sculptures & Collages	Extend their practical ability to create 3D sculptural forms and begin to understand how to represent form when drawing. • Human Form	Further develop their ability to describe 3D form in a range of materials, including drawing. • Art & Design Skills	Develop their ability to describe and model form in 3D using a range of materials. Analyse and describe how artists use and apply form in their work. • Art & Design Skills: Craft: Soap Sculptures • Every Picture Tells a Story	Further extend their ability to describe and model form in 3D using a range of materials. • Every Picture Tells a Story
Line	Use, express and experiment with line for purpose, then use appropriate language to describe lines. • Formal Elements	Draw lines with increased skill and confidence. Use line for expression when drawing portraits. • Sculpture & Media	Express and describe organic and geometric forms through different types of line. • Art & Design Skills: Drawing: My Toy Story • Formal Elements • Prehistoric Art	Learn and apply symmetry to draw accurate shapes. Analyse and describe how artists use line in their work. • Art & Design Skills: Drawing: Still Life • Every Picture Tells a Story	Deepen knowledge and understanding of using line when drawing portraits. Develop greater skill and control. Study and apply the techniques of other artists. • Art & Design Skills • Make My Voice Heard • Still Life
Pattern	Understand patterns in nature, design and make patterns in a range of materials. • Art & Design Skills: Experimenting with Media • Sculptures & Collages:	Learn a range of techniques to make repeating and non- repeating patterns. Identify natural and man-made patterns. Create patterns of their own. • Formal Elements	patterns through craft methods. Further develop knowledge and understanding of pattern.	Create original designs for patterns using geometric repeating shapes. Analyse and describe how other artists use pattern. • Formal Elements: Pattern and Texture: Playdough Printing • Every Picture Tells a Story	Construct patterns through various methods to develop their understanding. • Every Picture Tells a Story • Formal Elements
Shape	Identify, describe and use shape for purpose. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: Printing: Great Fire of London	Compose geometric designs by adapting the work of other artists to suit their own ideas. • Sculpture & Media	the artwork of others to stimulate them. • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Create geometric compositions using mathematical shapes. Analyse and describe the use of shape in artist's work. • Formal Elements: Pattern 3: Flower of Life • Every Picture Tells a Story	the artwork of others to
Tone	Understand what tone is and how to apply this to their own work. • Landscapes	Experiment with pencils to create tone. Use tone to create form when drawing. • Formal Elements	when using tone. Learn and use simple shading rules. • Formal Elements: Tone 1:	Develop an increasing sophistication when using tone to describe objects when	Develop an increasing sophistication when using tone to describe objects when drawing. Analyse artists' use of tone.

Creating original artwork	Explore and create ideas for purposes and intentions. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: Learning About Louis Wain	Use artist sources to develop their own original artwork. Gaining inspiration for artwork from the natural world. • Art & Design Skills • Sculpture & Media	<ul> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills: Drawing: My Toy Story</li> <li>Create personal artwork using the artwork of others to stimulate them.</li> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills</li> <li>Prehistoric Art</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Every Picture Tells a Story</li> <li>Formal Elements</li> <li>Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme. Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and feelings through pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning. Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images.</li> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills: Craft: Zentangle Printing</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Every Picture Tells a Story</li> <li>Formal Elements</li> <li>Express thoughts and feelings about familiar products.</li> <li>Design new architectural forms, design and invent new products, link artwork to literary sources. Create and invent for purposes.</li> <li>Formal Elements</li> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills:</li> <li>Packaging Collage 1</li> <li>Every Picture Tells a Story</li> </ul>	
By the end of this unit	pupils will have had the op	portunity to:		6	<b>I</b>	
Drawing		rawing techniques such as negati	ive drawina, chiaroscuro, express	sion, sketching and still life.		
Painting		and control, applying tonal techr				
Craft techniques			sing printing techniques, create digital art and 3D sculptural forms.			
Form			ough sculpture. Analyse and study artists' use of form.			
Line	Deepen knowledge and artists.	d understanding of using line whe	en drawing portraits. Develop gre	eater skill and control. Study and	l apply the techniques of other	
Pattern	Represent feelings and	emotions through patterns. Crea	s. Create sophisticated artwork using their knowledge of pattern.			
Shape	Composing original des	signs by adapting and synthesisin	g the work of others. Analyse an	d evaluate artists' use of shape.		
Tone	Develop an increasing	sophistication when using tone to	o describe objects when drawing.	Analyse artists' use of tone.		
Creating original artwork		aginative responses to a theme. F native 3D forms to create meanin				
Key knowledge acquire	d throughout this unit		Key skills acquired throu	ghout this unit		
<ul> <li>I know there are different styles of graffiti art.</li> <li>I know that the work of the artist Kathe Kollwitz is based on difficult experiences.</li> <li>I know about some of the symbolism used in Picasso's Guernica.</li> <li>I know how masking tape to create a straight line.</li> <li>I know to keep clay malleable using a drop of water.</li> <li>I know complementary colours are directly the opposite each other on a colour wheel.</li> <li>I know that I can shade with a pencil to create shadows, degrees of light and dark and a 3d effect.</li> <li>I know cubism ignores perspective and artists paint their subjects from lots of different angles.</li> </ul>		d on difficult s Guernica. • C e each other on a • M , degrees of light • E ir subjects from • C	Learn and apply new drawing tec sketching and still life. Paint with greater skill and contro- to own work. Create photomontages, make rep 3D sculptural forms. Mix and apply colours to represe Express feelings and emotions th Express and articulate a personal Analyse and study artists' use of Deepen knowledge and understa Develop greater skill and control. Represent feelings and emotions	ol, applying tonal techniques an beat patterns using printing tech nt still life objects from observa rough colour. Study colours use message through sculpture. form. Inding of using line when drawir Study and apply the technique	d more complex colour theory nniques, create digital art and tion. d by Impressionist painters. ng portraits.	
			Create sophisticated artwork usin	01		

<ul> <li>Fluently sketch key shapes of objects when drawing.</li> </ul>
<ul> <li>Create abstract compositions using knowledge of other artists' work.</li> </ul>
• Increase awareness of using tone to describe light and shade, contrast, highlight and shadow.
Manipulate tone for halo and chiaroscuro techniques.
• Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme.
Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and feelings through
pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning.
• Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images.
• Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and
intention.

### Subject knowledge and teaching guidance



Many artworks are done legally, with the property owner's permission and are commissioned pieces. Legal or illegal, large mural artwork is found in cities all over the world, decorating walls and buildings. Some artwork comprises words or simply letters that spell out abbreviations or words.

Picasso's 'Guernica' is a famous and impactful painting (measuring several metres in length) which contains a powerful message of protest. Picasso created it in reaction to the bombing of the village of Guernica by the Spanish government, which killed many innocent civilians. In the painting, blocks of black, white and grey combine to create the whole piece. There are various symbols in the painting that reference the horrors of war:

- The faces are pictured in shock.
- Body parts litter the floor one grasps a broken sword, maybe to represent the futility of any attempt to fight back against the aerial bombing.
- Another holds a light (the bombing was done at night).
- To the side, a bull turns in shock (the bull is a national symbol of Spain), symbolising the appalled reaction to the event by the Spanish people.



**Artist Work Looked At** 



Kathe Kollwitz A German artist who worked with painting, printmaking and sculpture. Bindgeman images



Mark Wallinger A contemporary British artist.



Pablo Picasso A Spanish artist who co-founded the Cubism art movement with artist Georges Braque in 1909. Artwork © Succession Picasso (DACS, London 2020, Pablo Picasso, Guerrica, 1937 (oil on carvas), Photo © Bridgeman Images

# David Shrigley A contemporary British visual artist.

### **Key Assessments**

- Can pupils produce a graffiti tag using block lettering?
- Can pupils copy the lines from a drawing to create a basic face shape?
- Can pupils produce a sketched composition?
- Can pupils paint in tones of black and white?
- Can pupils create a sculpture from clay?

#### Key vocabulary and definitions

Abstract	Art which does not represent images of our everyday world. It has colour, lines and shapes (form), but is not intended to represent objects or living things.
Chiaroscuro	The darkening of the background around the face and the adding of shadows.
Composition	The placement or arrangement of the different elements, or 'things' within a work of art.
Figurative	Modern art which has strong references to the real world, particularly to the human figure.
Graffiti Art	Drawings or words made on a surface on a public place, often created with spray paint. If the owner of the property has not given permission, then this is considered vandalism, which is illegal.
Parallel lines	Two lines that are the same distance apart and never touch.
Serif	A small decorative line added to the basic shape of a letter.
Symbolism	Using an object or a word to represent an idea.
Tag	A stylised signature. The simplest and the most common type of graffiti.

Medium Term Planning						
Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5						
To create graffiti art tag.	To draw emotions.	To create an impactful piece of art.	To produce a finish piece of art.	To create a sculpture.		

Year	6 –	Sum	mer	1
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#### Unit 3 – Photography

#### **National Curriculum Objectives Covered**

- Create sketchbooks to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- To know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms
- Develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design
- Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture

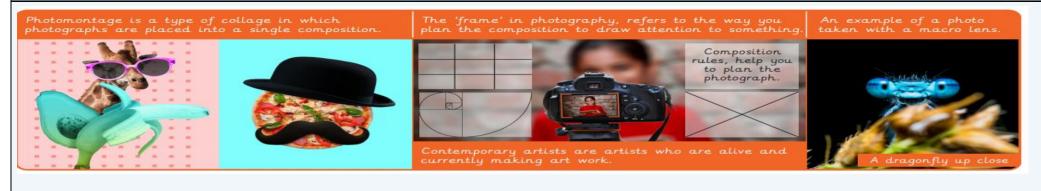
#### **Cross Curricular Links**

• Computing - select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information

#### **Prior Learning** Year 1 Year 3 Year 2 Year 4 Year 5 **Craft techniques** Learn a range of materials Use a range of materials to Use materials such as Make art from recycled Create mixed media art usina paper weavina, tie and techniques such as claydesian and make products materials, create sculptures, found and reclaimed dying, sewing and etchina, printina and collaae. includina craft. weavina. print and create using a range materials. Select materials for other craft skills to • Formal Elements printmakina, sculpture and of materials. Learn how to a purpose. design and make • Art & Design Skills: Printing display and present work. • Formal Elements clay. products. • Landscapes • Art & Design Skills: Craft: Formal Elements: Texture • Design For Purpose • Formal Elements: and Pattern: Playdough Clav Shape 3: Working Human Form Printing with Wire • Art & Design Skills: Sculpture & Media • Art & Design Skills: Design: Optical Craft & Design 1: Illusions Craft Puppets Prehistoric Art Explore and create ideas for Express thoughts and feelings **Creating original** Use artist sources to develop Create personal artwork usina Develop personal. purposes and intentions. their own original artwork. the artwork of others to imaginative responses to a about familiar products. artwork • Formal Elements Gaining inspiration for artwork stimulate them. theme. Produce personal Design new architectural • Art & Design Skills: Learning from the natural world. Art & Design Skills interpretations of cherished forms, design and invent new About Louis Wain • Art & Design Skills Prehistoric Art objects, show thoughts and products, link artwork to Sculpture & Media feelings through pattern, literary sources. Create and create imaginative 3D forms invent for purposes. to create meaning. Express • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and Packaging Collage 1 • Every Picture Tells a Story images. • Art & Design Skills: Craft: **Zentangle Printing** By the end of this unit pupils will have had the opportunity to: Craft techniques Create photomontages, make repeat patterns using printing techniques, create digital art and 3D sculptural forms. Creating original artwork Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme. Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and feelings through

pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning. Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images.					
Key knowledge acquired throughout this unit	Key skills acquired throughout this unit				
<ul> <li>I know about the history of photomontage.</li> <li>I know that contemporary artists use digital techniques to convey their meanings.</li> <li>I know that artists use photography to record and observe.</li> <li>I know what the terms macro and monochromatic mean.</li> <li>I know that paintings and photographs can express emotion.</li> <li>I know photomontage is a type of collage in which photographs are placed into single composition.</li> <li>I know that the frame in photography refers to the way you plan the composition to draw attention to something.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Learn and apply new drawing techniques such as negative drawing, chiaroscuro, expression, sketching and still life.</li> <li>Paint with greater skill and control, applying tonal techniques and more complex colour theory to own work.</li> <li>Create photomontages, make repeat patterns using printing techniques, create digital art and 3D sculptural forms.</li> <li>Mix and apply colours to represent still life objects from observation.</li> <li>Express feelings and emotions through colour. Study colours used by Impressionist painters.</li> <li>Express and articulate a personal message through sculpture.</li> <li>Analyse and study artists' use of form.</li> <li>Deepen knowledge and understanding of using line when drawing portraits.</li> <li>Develop greater skill and control. Study and apply the techniques of other artists.</li> <li>Represent feelings and emotions through patterns.</li> <li>Create sophisticated artwork using their knowledge of pattern.</li> <li>Fluently sketch key shapes of objects when drawing.</li> <li>Create abstract compositions using knowledge of other artists' work.</li> <li>Increase awareness of using tone to describe light and shade, contrast, highlight and shadow.</li> <li>Manipulate tone for halo and chiaroscuro techniques.</li> <li>Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme.</li> <li>Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and feelings through pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning.</li> <li>Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images.</li> <li>Give reasoned evaluations of their own and others work which takes account of context and intention.</li> </ul>				

# Subject knowledge and teaching guidance



# **Artist Work Looked At**



Hannah Hoch A German Dada artist. She was one of the originators of photomontage during the Weimar period.

Peter Kennard A contemporary British photomontage artist.

Artwork © DACS 2020, Da Dandy, Hannah Hoch, 1919 (photomontage), Photo © Bridgeman Images **Jerry Uelsmann** A contemporary American photomontage artist.

### **Key Assessments**

- Can pupils explain how a new image can be created by using a combination of images?
- Are pupils able to select appropriate options in setting up their photograph?
- Can pupils describe how their self-portraits have changed over time?
- Can pupils anaylse and explain the concept of the "scream"?

# Key vocabulary and definitions

Composition	The way different elements of a picture are arranged.
Contrast	To demonstrate the obvious difference between two things.
Crop (verb)	To cut something down to size.
Digital	When something is done using a computer or electronic device.
Expression	Conveying a particular emotion or feeling within a piece of art.
Lens	Glass fittings for the end of a camera, which enable the device to take photographs from various ranges.
Macro	A type of camera lens which allows you to see and capture very small details and objects.
Photography	The art of taking photographs.
Self portrait	Art which is created by the artist of themselves.
Technique	A way of doing something to complete a task.
Truism	Based on fact, something which is clearly true.

Medium Term Planning						
Week 1 Week 2 Week 3 Week 4 Week 5						
To create a photo montage using	To use text and image together to	To understand abstract art through		To replicate the mood and		
secondary source photographs.	create meaningful and power pose	photography.	photograph and translate it into a	expression of a painting through		
	photos.		drawing.	photography.		

Year 6 – Summer 2

#### Unit 4 – Still Life

### **National Curriculum Objectives Covered**

- Create sketchbooks to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- To know about great artists, craft makers and designers, and understand the historical and cultural development of their art forms
- Develop their techniques, including their control and their use of materials, with creativity, experimentation and an increasing awareness of different kinds of art, craft and design
- Improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture

#### **Prior Learning**

FIIOI Learning	Prior Learning					
	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	
Drawing	Explore mark making, experiment with drawing lines and use 2D shapes to draw. • Formal Elements • Landscapes Lesson • Sculptures & Collages	Explore drawing techniques, begin to apply tone to describe form, develop skill and control with a range of drawing materials. • Art & Design Skills • Human Form • Sculpture & Media	Develop drawing skills by drawing from direct observation, applying and using geometry and tonal shading when drawing. Use a range of drawing media. • Formal Elements: Shape 1: Seeing Simple Shapes • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Draw still life from observation and for mark making. Further develop understanding of geometry and mathematical proportion when drawing. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills	Further develop drawing from observation. Draw using perspective, mathematical processes, design, detail and line. • Formal Elements: Lesson 1: House Drawing • Art & Design Skills: Packaging Collage 1 • Design For A Purpose	
Painting	Develop skill and control when painting. Paint with expression. • Art & Design Skills: Painting: Colour Mixing • Landscapes using different media • Landscapes	Further improve skill and control when painting. Paint with creativity and expression. • Art & Design Skills • Sculpture & Media	Increase skill and control when painting. Apply greater expression and creativity to own paintings. • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Develop skill and control when painting. Paint with expression. Analyse painting by artists. • Art & Design Skills • Every Picture Tells a Story	Control brush strokes and apply tints and shades when painting. Paint with greater skill and expression. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills	
Colour	Remember the primary colours and how to mix them to create secondary colours. Create shades of a colour and choose and justify colours for purpose. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills • Landscapes	Mix, apply and refine colour mixing for purpose using wet and dry media. Describe their colour selections. • Formal Elements • Sculpture & Media	Increase awareness and understanding of mixing and applying colour, including use of natural pigments. Use aspects of colour such as tints and shades, for different purposes. • Art & Design Skills: Craft & Design 1: Craft Puppets	Analyse and describe colour and painting techniques in artists work. Manipulate colour for print. • Art & Design Skills • Every Picture Tells a Story	Select and mix more complex colours to depict thoughts and feelings. • Formal Elements • Every Picture Tells a Story • Design For Purpose	

			Prehistoric Art		
Form	Learn about form and space through making sculptures and developing language. • Art & Design Skills: Experimenting with Media • Sculptures & Collages	Extend their practical ability to create 3D sculptural forms and begin to understand how to represent form when drawing. • Human Form	Further develop their ability to describe 3D form in a range of materials, including drawing. • Art & Design Skills	-	Further extend their ability to describe and model form in 3D using a range of materials. • Every Picture Tells a Story
Line	Use, express and experiment with line for purpose, then use appropriate language to describe lines. • Formal Elements	Draw lines with increased skill and confidence. Use line for expression when drawing portraits. • Sculpture & Media	Express and describe organic and geometric forms through different types of line. • Art & Design Skills: Drawing: My Toy Story • Formal Elements • Prehistoric Art	Learn and apply symmetry to draw accurate shapes. Analyse and describe how artists use line in their work. • Art & Design Skills: Drawing: Still Life • Every Picture Tells a Story	Deepen knowledge and understanding of using line when drawing portraits. Develop greater skill and control. Study and apply the techniques of other artists. • Art & Design Skills • Make My Voice Heard • Still Life
Shape	Identify, describe and use shape for purpose. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: Printing: Great Fire of London	Compose geometric designs by adapting the work of other artists to suit their own ideas. • Sculpture & Media	the artwork of others to stimulate them. • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Create geometric compositions using mathematical shapes. Analyse and describe the use of shape in artist's work. • Formal Elements: Pattern 3: Flower of Life • Every Picture Tells a Story	the artwork of others to
Texture	Use materials to create textures. • Landscapes		within artists' work.	Use a range of materials to express complex textures.	Develop understanding of texture through practical making activities. • Every Picture Tells a Story
Tone	Understand what tone is and how to apply this to their own work. • Landscapes		when using tone. Learn and use simple shading rules.	sophistication when using tone to describe objects when	Develop an increasing sophistication when using tone to describe objects when drawing. Analyse artists' use of tone. • Every Picture Tells a Story • Formal Elements
Creating original artwork	<ul> <li>Explore and create ideas for purposes and intentions.</li> <li>Formal Elements</li> <li>Art &amp; Design Skills: Learning About Louis</li> </ul>	their own original artwork. Gaining inspiration for artwork	Create personal artwork using the artwork of others to stimulate them. • Art & Design Skills • Prehistoric Art	Develop personal, imaginative responses to a theme. Produce personal interpretations of cherished objects, show thoughts and	Express thoughts and feelings about familiar products. Design new architectural forms, design and invent new products, link artwork to

Wair	•	Sculpture & Media		feelings through pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning. Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images. • Art & Design Skills: Craft: Zentangle Printing	literary sources. Create and invent for purposes. • Formal Elements • Art & Design Skills: Packaging Collage 1 • Every Picture Tells a Story
By the end of this unit pupils v	will have had the oppo	ortunity to:			
Drawing		-	ive drawing, chiaroscuro, express	sion, sketching and still life.	
Painting			niques and more complex colour		
Colour	Mix and apply colours to repainters.	epresent still life objects from	observation. Express feelings an	d emotions through colour. Stud	ly colours used by Impressionist
Form	Express and articulate a pe	ersonal message through scu	pture. Analyse and study artists'	use of form.	
Line	Deepen knowledge and un artists.	derstanding of using line wh	en drawing portraits. Develop gre	eater skill and control. Study and	l apply the techniques of other
Shape	Composing original design	s by adapting and synthesisi	ng the work of others. Analyse an	d evaluate artists' use of shape.	
Texture	Understand how artists m	anipulate materials to create	texture.		
Tone			o describe objects when drawing.		
Creating original artwork			Produce personal interpretations ng. Express ideas about art throu		
Key knowledge acquired throu	ughout this unit		Key skills acquired throug	ghout this unit	
<ul> <li>I know font means the size, shap</li> <li>I know in a negative image, the orace dark.</li> <li>I know that my sketches are not attempts.</li> <li>I know what is meant by a negated in the second darker and ligen is the second darker and ligen is the second darker is the second darker and ligen is the second darker and lis the second darker and lis the second dar</li></ul>	dark areas are light and the the finished article and I ca tive image. ghter tones.	e light areas an do several • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Learn and apply new drawing tec sketching and still life. Paint with greater skill and contro- to own work. Create photomontages, make rep 3D sculptural forms. Mix and apply colours to represe Express feelings and emotions th Express and articulate a personal Analyse and study artists' use of to Deepen knowledge and understa Develop greater skill and control. Represent feelings and emotions Create sophisticated artwork usin Fluently sketch key shapes of obj Create abstract compositions usin Increase awareness of using tone Manipulate tone for halo and chi Develop personal, imaginative re Produce personal interpretations	ol, applying tonal techniques an beat patterns using printing tech nt still life objects from observa rough colour. Study colours use message through sculpture. form. Inding of using line when drawir . Study and apply the techniques through patterns. ng their knowledge of pattern. ects when drawing. ng knowledge of other artists' w e to describe light and shade, co aroscuro techniques. sponses to a theme.	d more complex colour theory nniques, create digital art and tion. d by Impressionist painters. og portraits. s of other artists.

pattern, create imaginative 3D forms to create meaning.

• Express ideas about art through messages, graphics, text and images.

#### Subject knowledge and teaching guidance



The Cezanne is in oils and precisely uses the form and colour of shape The composition is such that the lines of each item flow into each other. Funke's photograph is black and white, but it is light that is interesting, creating almost geometric lines contrasting dark and light. Camargo's is more abstract- the shapes and lines simplified, the colours reduced to greys.

#### **Artist Work Looked At**



Iberê Camargo An expressionist painter from Brazil.

**Key Assessments** 

- Can pupils create a balanced composition of objects?
- Can pupils make areas darker or lighter to create contract in a picture?
- Can pupils make an even coverage with a graphite stick?
- Can pupils use appropriate colours to paint an object?

# Key vocabulary and definitions

Cartoon or graphic	A two-dimensional illustration.
Charcoal	A dark drawing material that crumbles easily.
Colour wheel	A circular chart that shows primary, secondary and tertiary colours.
Composition	Where things are placed within a piece of artwork.
Greyscale	A range of tones from light to dark.
Hue	Describes the colour within a spectrum.
Negative image	The reverse of an image (the positive image).
Sketching	A light, fast sketch which is often used for planning a piece of artwork.
Still life	A collection of objects which are arranged to then draw from.
Underpainting	Preparing the painting surface and to give something to paint on to.
Visual minutes	Visual minutes (also called 'graphic recording' or 'scribing' is a live, illustrated record of what is heard.
Medium Term Planning	

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5
To sketch ideas for a still life study.	To draw a still life study in charcoal.	To draw using negative medium.	To paint a still life study in colour.	To create a box to showcase my work.